COMMON QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS
(The Lobe Sensor Ignitor II does not use a magnet sleeve)

Q. The engine will not start or runs rough. What is the problem?
A. Perform Power and Ground Checks. Check all connections to ensure that they are tight, and in the proper location. Check all grounds; if a distributor ground wire was removed make sure that it was reattached properly. Make sure that the red Ignitor II wire is supplied with a full 12 volts. The Ignitor II is designed to sense high current levels, and shut off before damage occurs. Check all wires for shorts, correct polarity and that the ignition coil's primary resistance level is acceptable.

Q. The vehicle will start, but then die. After waiting it will start again. What is wrong?
A. Perform Power and Ground Checks. The Ignitor II may have a "Low Voltage Problem." If the voltage supplied to the red Ignitor II wire is insufficient, the system may run for a period of time, and then shut down as the voltage drops due to engine heat. The period may vary from minutes to hours depending on available voltage and wiring condition. To remedy this condition refer to steps 2-4 of the wiring instructions.

Q. How do I check for a "Low Voltage Problem" or determine if I am getting adequate voltage?
A. Perform Power and Ground Checks. Also, to quickly test for a "Low Voltage Problem" or for adequate voltage, remove the Ignitor II red wire from the coil positive terminal. Attach a jumper wire from the battery positive terminal to the Ignitor II red wire. Try to start the vehicle. If the vehicle starts with this test refer to steps 2-4 of the wiring instructions for further information.

Q. How do I check my coil for primary resistance?
A. Yes, you may cut the wires to any length your application requires. You may also add lengths of wire if needed (20-gauge). Make sure that all wire splices are clean and the connections are tight.

Q. May I modify the length of the wires?
A. Yes, you may cut the wires to any length your application requires. You may also add lengths of wire if needed (20-gauge). Make sure that all wire splices are clean and the connections are tight.

Q. Will the Ignitor II work with aftermarket capacitive discharge boxes?
A. The Lobe Sensor Ignitor II does not require a magnet sleeve to trigger the module. Numbers that are listed in the application guide. Any modification to this component may void the warranty.

Q. Will the electronic shift assist in an OMC boat work with the Ignitor II?
A. The Ignitor II ignition can be used in conjunction with most ignition coils rated at 0.45 ohms or greater.

Q. May I modify the length of the wires?
A. Remove all wires from the coil. Set the ohmmeter to the lowest scale. Attach one terminal.

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Q. Will the Ignitor II work with aftermarket capacitive discharge boxes?
A. Yes, the Ignitor II is compatible with most CD boxes in the same respect as points. Use the CD box wiring instructions for point systems and treat the Ignitor II black wire as a point wire. The Ignitor II red wire should be attached to the 12-volt power source.

Q. Will the electronic shift assist in an OMC boat work with the Ignitor II?
A. The Ignitor II will work with all OMC stern-drive applications, when our "diode fix" is used. If you've purchased a kit that didn't include the "diode fix" diagram, call our tech line.

Q. How can I receive additional help?
A. Check our web site for current trouble shooting tips and up to date technical information. Log on to www.pertronix.com. You may also contact our tech line at (909-547-9058)

LIMITED WARRANTY
Pertronix, Inc. Warrants to the original Purchaser of its solid-state ignition system (product) that the Ignitor, magnet assembly and wiring (components) shall be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of (30) months from the date of purchase.

If within the period of the foregoing warranty Pertronix finds, after inspection, that the product or any component thereof is defective, Pertronix will, at its option, repair such products or component or replace them with identical or similar parts PROVIDED that within such period Purchaser:

1. Promptly Notifies Pertronix, in writing, of such defects.
2. Delivers the defective products product or component to Pertronix (ATTN: Warranty) with proof of purchase date; and
3. Has installed and used the product in a normal and Proper manner, consistent with Pertronix printed instructions.

THE FOREGOING LIMITED WARRANTY IS EXCLUSIVE AND IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, WHETHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING AND IMPLIED WARRANTY OR MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PURPOSE.

THE FURNISHING OF A REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT COMPONENTS SHALL CONSTITUTE THE SOLE REMEDY OF PURCHASER AND THE SOLE LIABILITY OF PerTronix WHETHER ON WARRANTY, CONTRACT OR FOR NEGLIGENCE, AND IN NO EVENT WILL PerTronix BE LIABLE FOR MONEY DAMAGES WHETHER DIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL.
6 Secure adapter plate with provided screws
7 Note: A wire tie is included to keep Ignitor wires from rubbing against any moving parts.
8 Insert both wires through the wire tie and wire access hole in the side of the distributor housing.
9 Pull the rubber grommet into place. Check to insure that the wires do not contact any moving parts.
10 Replace distributor cap and rotor. Make sure all spark plug wires are securely attached. Warning! DO NOT USE WITH SOLID CORE SPARK PLUG WIRES.

**WIRING INSTRUCTIONS**

1. The Ignitor II ignition can be used in conjunction with most ignition coils rated at 0.45 ohms or greater. For optimum performance purchase and install the Flamethrower II high performance coil.
2. Attach the black Ignitor II wire to the negative coil terminal. Attach the red Ignitor II wire to the positive coil terminal. (See Figure 3)

A. Recommended Installation: Many vehicles came equipped with ballast resistor or resistance wire. To achieve optimum performance from the Ignitor II ignition system, we recommend removal of these components.

- To remove a ballast resistor, (normally white ceramic blocks 3 to 4 inches long), disconnect all wires on both ends of the ballast resistor. Remove the resistor from the vehicle and splice the disconnected wires together at a single point.
- To remove a resistance wire, trace the coil power wire, which was previously connected to the positive coil terminal, back to the fuse block. Bypass this wire with a 12-gauge copper stranded wire.

B. Alternative Installation: The Ignitor II can also be installed in applications retaining the ballast resistor or resistance wire.

- Attach the Ignitor II black wire to the negative coil terminal. Attach the Ignitor II red wire to the ignition side of resistance, or any 12 volt ignition power source.

3. Check to insure that the polarity is correct, and that all connections are tight. Re-connect the battery.
4. Perform the Power and Ground tests. Refer to the Power and Ground test procedure.
5. Start the engine and allow it to reach normal operating temperature. Check ignition timing, and adjust to the desired setting.

### POWER & GROUND TESTS

It is imperative that the power and grounds be checked as part of the installation procedure. After installing the kit within the distributor and with the distributor in the engine, using a digital multi-meter measure the resistance from the aluminum plate holding the module to battery (-). The net resistance must be less than 0.2 ohms. Nothing meter to lowest ohms setting. The net resistance is the meter reading minus the resistance of the meter leads. If the net resistance is greater than 0.2 ohms the source of the bad ground must be found and fixed. Usually the source of the bad ground is easily found by holding one probe on an original location and moving the second probe toward the static probe. Where the resistance drops identifies the source.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Resistance from Ignitor plate to battery negative terminal.</td>
<td>0.2 ohms</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resistance from Ignitor plate to battery positive terminal.</td>
<td>0.4 ohms</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resistance of meter leads</td>
<td>0.2 ohms</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>After subtracting meter lead resistance, your total resistance is:</td>
<td>0.2 ohms</td>
<td></td>
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### VOLTAGE TEST

1. Do not disconnect wires from Ignition coil and place ignition switch in the “off” position.
2. Connect jumper wire from negative (-) terminal of the coil to a “good” engine ground. Connect voltmeter red lead to the positive (+) terminal of the coil and the black lead to a “good” engine ground.
3. Turn “ON” the ignition switch and note voltage reading on the voltmeter. Quickly read the voltage and turn ignition “OFF”.
4. Leave ignition “ON” for an extended period could result in permanent damage to the Ignitor.
5. SEE CHART BELOW FOR SPECIFICATIONS.

**Note:** Low voltage can be caused by poor connections, poor contacts in the ignition switch, ballast resistor, and or a resistance wire in the wiring harness (Factory Installed).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ignition Switch “ON”</td>
<td>8.0V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cranking</td>
<td>8.0V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine Running</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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